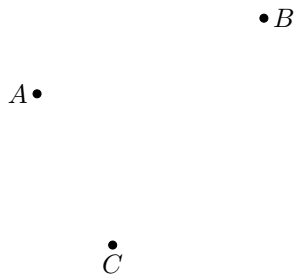


ELEMENTS OF GEOMETRY

A POINT

A.1 COUNTING NUMBER OF POINTS

Ex 1: Count the points in the figure.



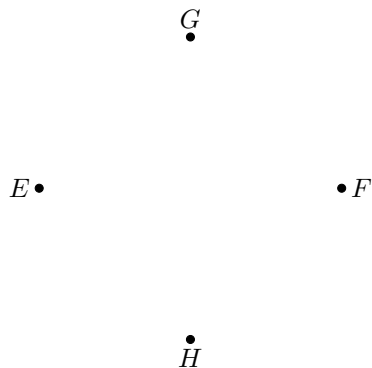
points

Ex 2: Count the points in the figure.



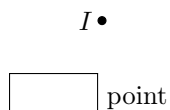
points

Ex 3: Count the points in the figure.



points

Ex 4: Count the points in the figure.



point

A.2 DRAWING POINTS

Ex 5: Using a pencil, draw a point and label it A.

Ex 6: Using a pencil, draw two points and label them A and B.

Ex 7: Using a pencil, draw three points and label them A, B, and C.

B LINES, SEGMENTS AND RAYS

B.1 RECOGNIZING

MCQ 8: Which term describes this figure?



Choose one answer:

- Line
- Line segment
- Ray

MCQ 9: Which term describes this figure?



Choose one answer:

- Line
- Line segment
- Ray

MCQ 10: Which term describes this figure?



Choose one answer:

- Line
- Line segment
- Ray

MCQ 11: Which term describes this figure?

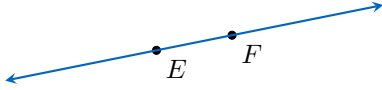


Choose one answer:

- Line
- Line segment
- Ray

B.2 NAMING

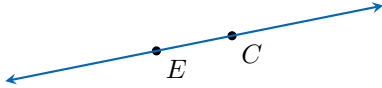
MCQ 12: Name the line represented in this figure:



Choose one answer:

- \overline{EF}
 \overleftrightarrow{EF}
 \overrightarrow{EF}

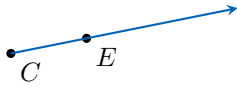
MCQ 13: Name the line represented in this figure:



Choose one answer:

- \overline{CE}
 \overleftrightarrow{CE}
 \overrightarrow{CE}

MCQ 14: Name the ray represented in this figure:



Choose one answer:

- \overline{CE}
 \overleftrightarrow{CE}
 \overrightarrow{CE}
 \overrightarrow{EC}

MCQ 15: Name the ray represented in this figure:



Choose one answer:

- \overline{EC}
 \overleftrightarrow{EC}
 \overrightarrow{CE}
 \overrightarrow{EC}

MCQ 16: Name the segment represented in this figure:

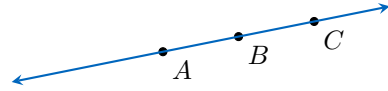


Choose one answer:

- \overline{EC}
 \overleftrightarrow{EC}

\overrightarrow{EC}

MCQ 17: Name the line represented in this figure:



Choose all correct answers:

- \overleftrightarrow{AB}
 \overleftrightarrow{AC}
 \overleftrightarrow{BC}

B.3 DRAWING LINES, SEGMENTS AND RAYS

Ex 18: Using a ruler and pencil, draw a straight line passing through points A and B . Label both points clearly.



Ex 19: Using a ruler and pencil, draw a line segment passing through points A and B . Label both points clearly.



Ex 20: Using a ruler and pencil, draw a ray passing through points A and B . Label both points clearly.



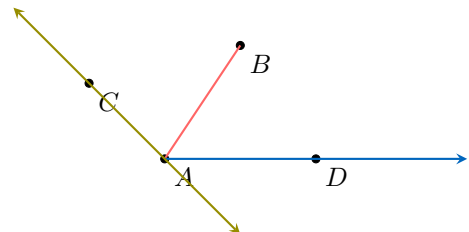
B.4 CHECKING A CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

MCQ 21: A teacher gives these construction steps:

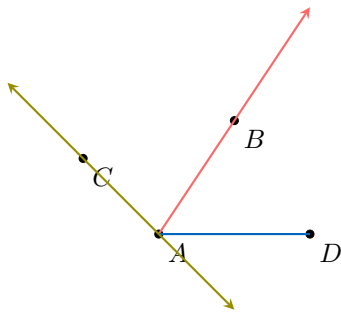
1. Draw points A , B , C , and D
2. Draw segment \overline{AB}
3. Draw line \overleftrightarrow{AC}
4. Draw ray \overrightarrow{AD}

Which student followed the instructions correctly? Select the correct answer:

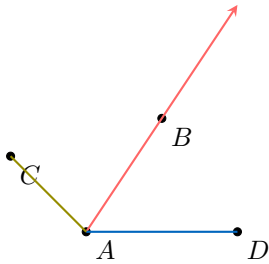
- Hugo



Louis



Vincent

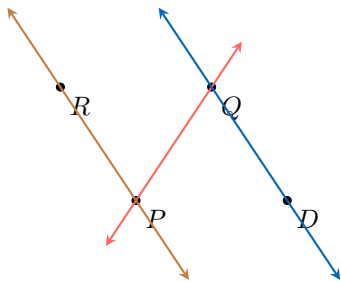


MCQ 22: A teacher gives these construction steps:

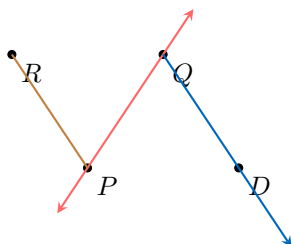
1. Draw points P , Q , R , and D
2. Draw segment \overline{PR}
3. Draw line \overleftrightarrow{PQ}
4. Draw ray \overrightarrow{QD}

Which student followed the instructions correctly? Select the correct answer:

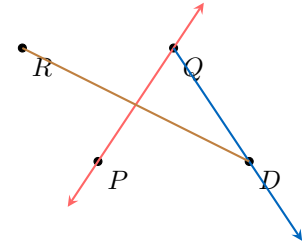
Hugo



Louis



Vincent

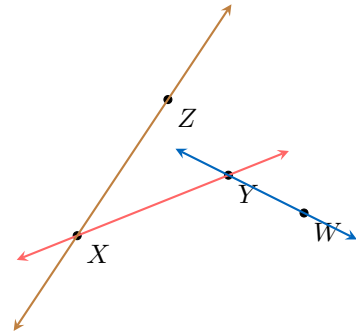


MCQ 23: A teacher gives these construction steps:

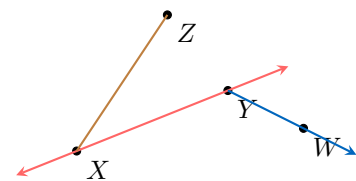
1. Draw points X , Y , Z , and W
2. Draw segment \overline{XZ}
3. Draw line \overleftrightarrow{XY}
4. Draw ray \overrightarrow{YW}

Which student followed the instructions correctly? Select the correct answer:

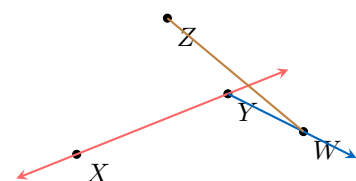
Hugo



Louis



Vincent



B.5 BUILDING GEOMETRIC FIGURES

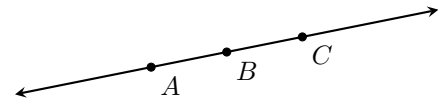
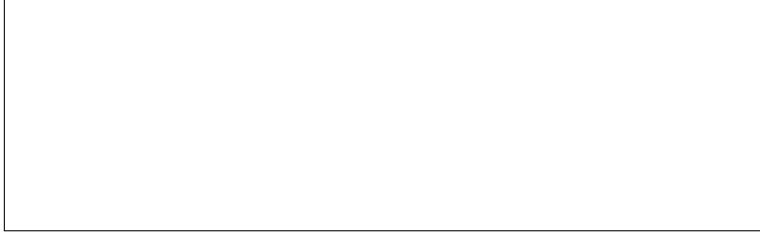
Ex 24: Using a ruler and pencil, draw three points A , B , and C , and the straight line \overleftrightarrow{AB} .



Ex 25: Using a ruler and pencil, draw three points A , B , and C , and the line segment \overline{AC} .

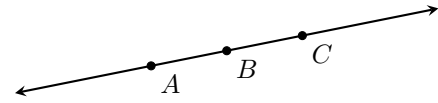


Ex 26: Using a ruler and pencil, draw three points A , B , and C , and the line segments \overline{AB} , \overline{BC} , and \overline{CA} .



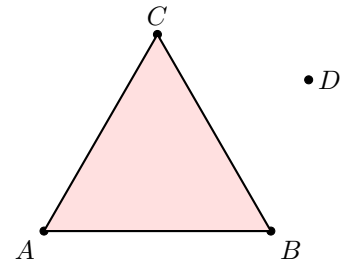
$C \begin{cases} \square \in \\ \square \notin \end{cases} \overline{BA}$

Ex 31: Does point B lie on the line segment between A and C ?



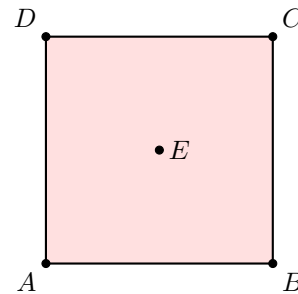
$B \begin{cases} \square \in \\ \square \notin \end{cases} \overline{AC}$

Ex 32: Does point D lie on triangle ABC ?



$D \begin{cases} \square \in \\ \square \notin \end{cases} \triangle ABC$

Ex 33: Does point E lie on square $ABCD$?

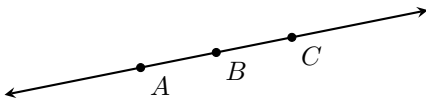


$E \begin{cases} \square \in \\ \square \notin \end{cases} \square ABCD$

C ELEMENT RELATION

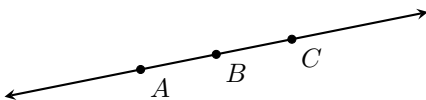
C.1 IDENTIFYING POINTS ON GEOMETRIC FIGURES

Ex 27: Does point C lie on the line through points A and B ?



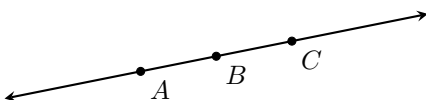
$C \begin{cases} \square \in \\ \square \notin \end{cases} \overleftrightarrow{AB}$

Ex 28: Does point C lie on the ray from A through B ?



$C \begin{cases} \square \in \\ \square \notin \end{cases} \overrightarrow{AB}$

Ex 29: Does point C lie on the ray from B through A ?



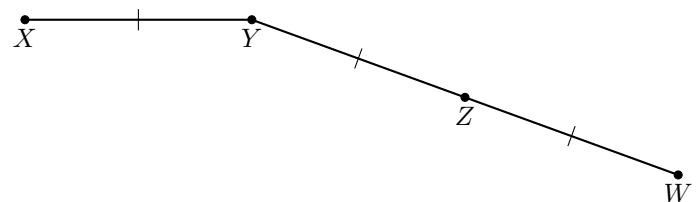
$C \begin{cases} \square \in \\ \square \notin \end{cases} \overrightarrow{BA}$

Ex 30: Does point C lie on the line segment between B and A ?

D LENGTH

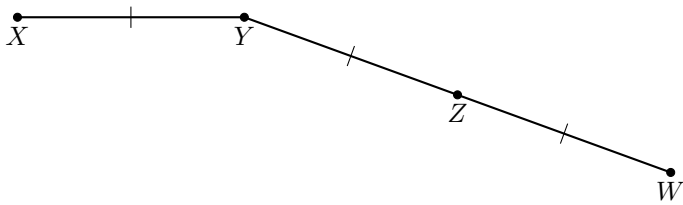
D.1 USING TICK MARKS TO CALCULATE LENGTHS

Ex 34: The segment \overline{XY} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{YZ} .



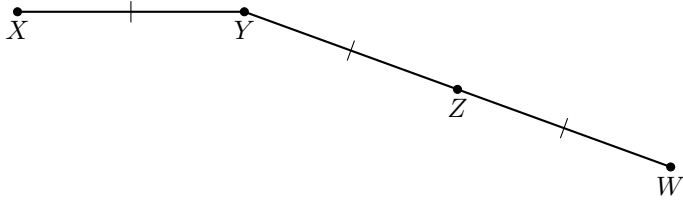
$YZ = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$

Ex 35: The segment \overline{XY} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{ZW} .



$$ZW = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

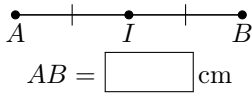
Ex 36: The segment \overline{XY} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{YW} .



$$YW = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

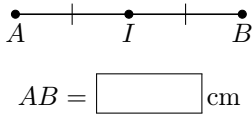
D.2 CALCULATE LENGTHS USING A MIDPOINT

Ex 37: The segment \overline{AI} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{AB} .



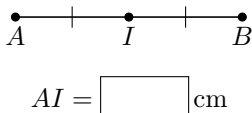
$$AB = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

Ex 38: The segment \overline{IB} measures 10 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{AB} .



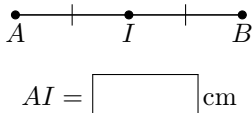
$$AB = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

Ex 39: The segment \overline{AB} measures 10 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{AI} .



$$AI = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

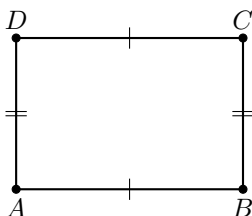
Ex 40: The segment \overline{AB} measures 20 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{AI} .



$$AI = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

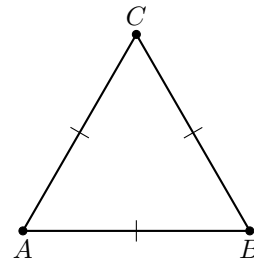
D.3 USING TICK MARKS TO FIND PERIMETER

Ex 41: The segment \overline{AB} measures 3 cm and segment \overline{BC} measures 2 cm. Use the tick marks to find the perimeter of rectangle $ABCD$.



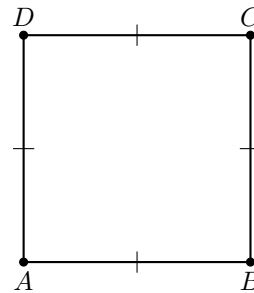
$$\text{Perimeter of } \square ABCD = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

Ex 42: The segment \overline{AB} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the perimeter of triangle ABC .



$$\text{Perimeter of } \triangle ABC = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

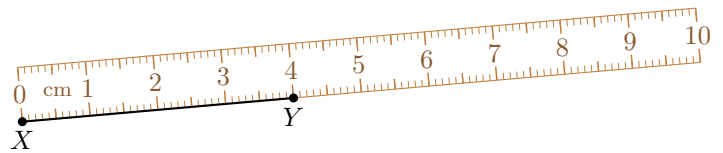
Ex 43: The segment \overline{AB} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the perimeter of square $ABCD$.



$$\text{Perimeter of } \square ABCD = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

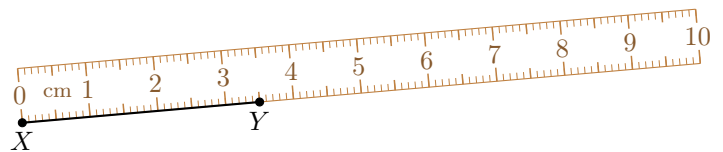
D.4 MEASURING WITH A RULER

Ex 44: Measure the length of segment \overline{XY} using the ruler shown.



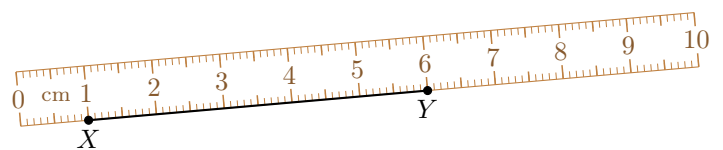
$$XY = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

Ex 45: Measure the length of segment \overline{XY} using the ruler shown.



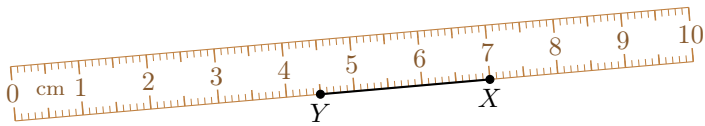
$$XY = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

Ex 46: Measure the length of segment \overline{XY} using the ruler shown.



$$XY = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

Ex 47: Measure the length of segment \overline{XY} using the ruler shown.

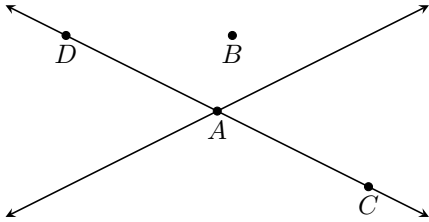


$XY = \boxed{}$ cm

E INTERSECTION POINT

E.1 PICKING THE INTERSECTION POINTS

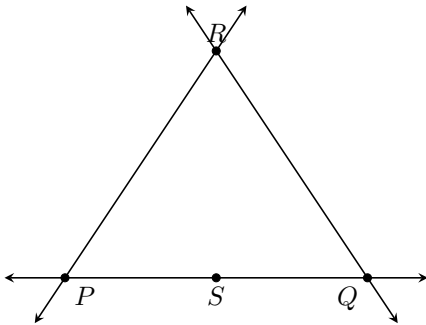
MCQ 48: Pick the point where the lines intersect.



Choose one point:

- A
- B
- C
- D

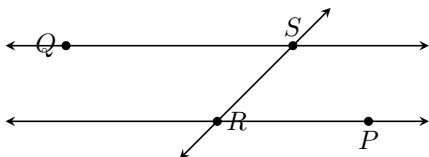
MCQ 49: Pick the points where the lines intersect.



Choose all correct points:

- P
- Q
- R
- S

MCQ 50: Pick the points where the lines intersect.



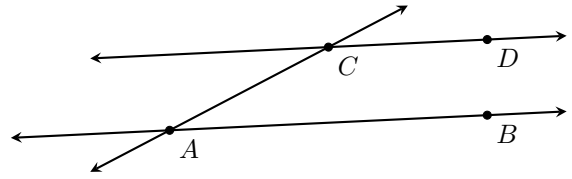
Choose all correct points:

- P
- Q
- R
- S

F PARALLEL LINES

F.1 IDENTIFYING PARALLEL LINES

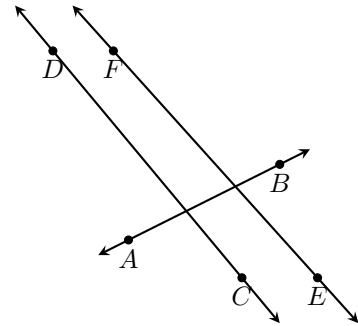
MCQ 51:



Choose the true statement:

- \overleftrightarrow{AB} is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{AC} .
- \overleftrightarrow{CD} is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{AC} .
- \overleftrightarrow{CD} is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{AB} .

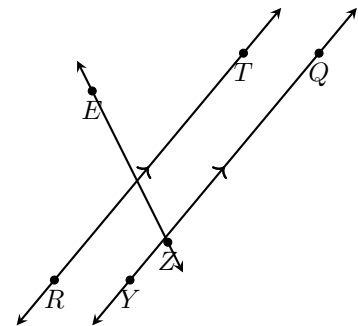
MCQ 52:



Choose the true statement:

- \overleftrightarrow{AB} is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{DC} .
- \overleftrightarrow{DC} is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{FE} .
- \overleftrightarrow{AB} is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{FE} .

MCQ 53:



Choose the true statement:

- \overleftrightarrow{ZE} is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{RT} .
- \overleftrightarrow{ZE} is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{YQ} .
- \overleftrightarrow{RT} is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{YQ} .

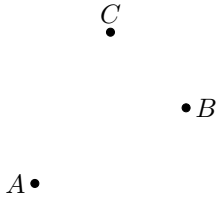
F.2 COUNTING POSSIBLE LINES

MCQ 54: Can you find a line that passes through points A and B ? How many such lines are possible?



- 0
- 1
- Infinite

MCQ 55: Can you find a line that passes through points A , B , and C together? How many such lines are possible?



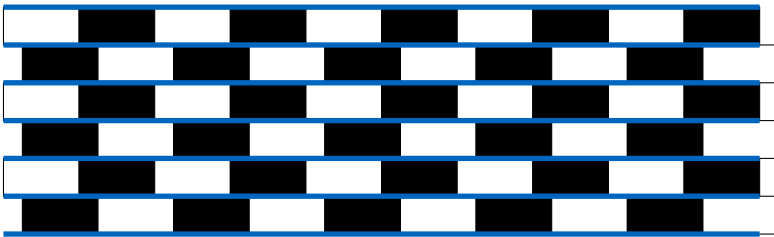
- 0
- 1
- Infinite

MCQ 56: Can you find a line that passes through point A ? How many such lines are possible?



- 0
- 1
- Infinite

MCQ 57: Are the blue thick lines parallel?



- Yes
- No