A DEFINITIONS

A.1 DETERMINING FUNCTIONS: LEVEL 1

MCQ 1: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Add 2 to the chosen number.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

Choose one answer:

- $\Box f(x) = 2x$
- $\Box f(x) = x + 2$
- $\Box f(x) = x 2$
- $\Box f(x) = 2x + 2$

MCQ 2: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Multiply the chosen number by 3.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

Choose one answer:

- $\Box f(x) = 3x$
- $\Box f(x) = x + 3$
- $\Box f(x) = x 3$
- $\Box f(x) = 3x + 3$

MCQ 3: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Multiply the chosen number by five.
- 3. Subtract 2 from the result obtained.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

Choose one answer:

- $\Box f(x) = 5x + 2$
- $\Box f(x) = 5x^2 2$
- $\Box f(x) = x 2$
- $\Box f(x) = 5x 2$

MCQ 4: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Multiply the chosen number by -2.
- 3. Add 3 to the result obtained.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

Choose one answer:

- $\Box f(x) = -2x + 3$
- $\Box f(x) = -2x 3$
- $\Box f(x) = 2x + 3$
- $\Box f(x) = 2x 3$

A.2 DETERMINING FUNCTIONS: LEVEL 2

MCQ 5: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Multiply the chosen number by itself.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

Choose one answer:

- $\Box f(x) = 2x$
- $\Box f(x) = x + 2$
- $\Box f(x) = 2x^2$
- $\Box f(x) = x^2$

MCQ 6: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Multiply the chosen number by itself.
- 3. Subtract 3 from the product obtained.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

Choose one answer:

- $\Box f(x) = x^2 3$
- $\Box f(x) = x 3$
- $\Box f(x) = x 3x$
- $\Box f(x) = x^2 + 3x$

MCQ 7: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Add 3 to the chosen number.
- 3. Multiply the result by the original chosen number.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

Choose one answer:

- $\Box f(x) = x + 3x$
- $\Box f(x) = (x+3)x$
- $\Box f(x) = x(x+3) + 3$
- $\Box f(x) = 3x^2 + x$

MCQ 8: Consider the following calculation program:

1. Choose a number.

- 2. Add 4 to the chosen number.
- 3. Divide the result by the chosen number.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

Choose one answer:

$$\Box f(x) = \frac{x+4}{x}$$

$$\Box f(x) = \frac{x+4}{2}$$

$$\Box f(x) = \frac{4}{x} + x$$

$$\Box f(x) = x + 4$$

A.3 WRITING FUNCTIONS: LEVEL 1

Ex 9: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Subtract 5 from the chosen number.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

$$f(x) =$$

Ex 10: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Multiply the chosen number by three.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

$$f(x) =$$

Ex 11: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Multiply the chosen number by five.
- 3. Subtract 2 from the result obtained.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

$$f(x) =$$

Ex 12: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Multiply the chosen number by -2.
- 3. Add 5 to the result obtained.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

$$f(x) =$$

A.4 WRITING FUNCTIONS: LEVEL 2

Ex 13: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Multiply the chosen number by itself.
- 3. Subtract 1 from the result obtained.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

$$f(x) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 14: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Square the chosen number.
- 3. Multiply the result by 2.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

$$f(x) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 15: Consider the following calculation program:

- 1. Choose a number.
- 2. Subtract 1 from the chosen number.
- 3. Multiply the result by the original number chosen.

Let x be the number chosen initially. Determine the function f that corresponds to the result obtained with this program.

$$f(x) = \boxed{}$$

A.5 CALCULATING f(x)

Ex 16: For f(x) = x + 3,

$$f(4) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 17: For f(x) = 2x - 1,

$$f(5) = \square$$

Ex 18: For f(x) = 3x + 2,

$$f(2) =$$

Ex 19: For $f(x) = x^2 - 1$,

$$f(3) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 20: For f(x) = 5x - 3,

$$f(1) =$$

Ex 21: For $f(x) = \frac{x}{2} + 4$,

$$f(6) =$$

Ex 22: For f(x) = x - 5,

$$f(10) =$$

Ex 23: For f(x) = 2x - 5,

$$f(-2) =$$

Ex 24: For f(x) = -x + 4,

$$f(-3) =$$

Ex 25: For f(x) = 3x - 7,

$$f(-1) =$$

Ex 26: For $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$,

$$f(-2) =$$

Ex 27: For f(x) = 2x + 3,

$$f(-3) =$$

Ex 28: For $f(x) = \frac{x}{2} - 4$,

$$f(8) =$$

Ex 29: For $f(x) = \frac{3x-5}{2}$,

$$f(-1) =$$

Ex 30: For $f(x) = \frac{x-6}{2} - 3$,

$$f(10) =$$

A.6 CALCULATING f(x)

Ex 31: For $f: x \mapsto x + 3$,

$$f(4) =$$

Ex 32: For $f: x \mapsto x^2 - 1$,

$$f(2) = |$$

Ex 33: For $f: x \mapsto (x-1)(x-2)$,

$$f(0) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 34: For $f: x \mapsto x^3$,

$$f(-1) = \boxed{}$$

B TABLES OF VALUES

B.1 FINDING f(x)

Ex 35: The table of values is given below:

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
f(x)	-1	0	1	2	3
	f(2)	=			

Ex 36: The table of values is given below:

x	-3	-1	0	3	4
f(x)	5	3	0	1	4
	f(3)) =			

Ex 37: The table of values is given below:

x	-4	-2	0	2	4
f(x)	2	1	-1	0	3
	f(0)	=			

Ex 38: The table of values is given below:

x	-5	-2	0	3	5
f(x)	4	2	-1	0	6
	f(5)	$S(s) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$			

B.2 FILLING TABLES OF VALUES

Ex 39: For $f(x) = x^2$, fill in the table of values:

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
f(x)					

Ex 40: For f(x) = -2x + 1, fill in the table:

x	-2	T	-1	Τ	0		1		2	
f(x)										

Ex 41: For $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 1$, fill in the table:

x	-2	Τ	-1		0		1		2	
f(x)		Π								

B.3 FINDING x SUCH THAT f(x) = y

Ex 42: The table of values is given below:

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
f(x)	-1	0	1	2	3

Find x such that f(x) = 1.

$$x =$$

Ex 43: The table of values is given below:

x	-3	-1	0	2	3
f(x)	4	2	1	-1	0

Find x such that f(x) = 4.

$$x =$$

Ex 44: The table of values is given below:

x	-2	0	1	3	4
g(x)	3	0	1	2	-1

Find x such that g(x) = 2.

$$x =$$

Ex 45: The table of values is given below:

x	-3	-1	1	2	4
f(x)	0	2	0	3	2

Find x such that f(x) = 0.

Give your answers in increasing order:

$$x = \boxed{}, \boxed{}$$

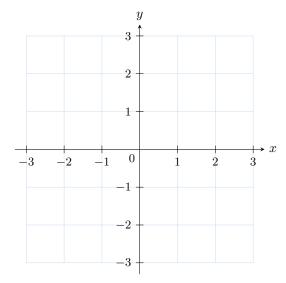
C GRAPHS

C.1 PLOTTING LINE GRAPHS

Ex 46: Here is a table of values for the function f(x) = x - 1:

	x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
l	f(x)	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2

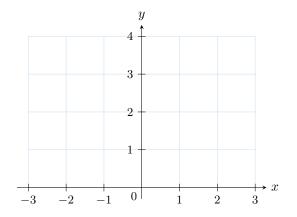
Plot the line graph of f.



Ex 47: Here is a table of values for the function $f(x) = x^2$:

x	-2	-1	-0.5	0	0.5	1	2
f(x)	4	1	0.25	0	0.25	1	4

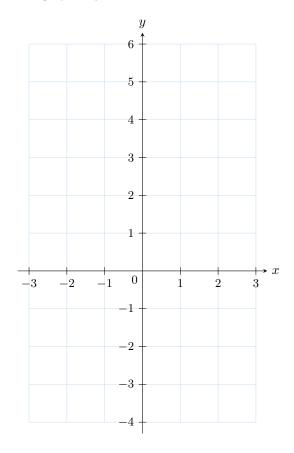
Plot the line graph of f.



Ex 48: Here is a table of values for the function f(x) = -2x + 1:

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
f(x)	5	3	1	-1	-3

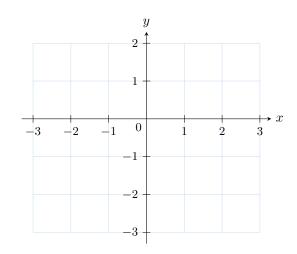
Plot the line graph of f.



Ex 49: Here is a table of values for the function f(x) = 0.5x - 1:

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
f(x)	-2.5	-2	-1.5	-1	-0.5	0	0.5

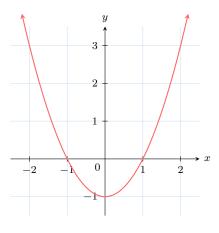
Plot the line graph of f.



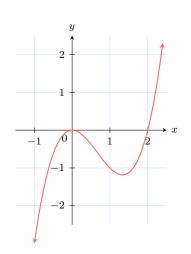
D READING VALUES AND SOLVING f(x) = y ON A GRAPH

D.1 FINDING f(x)

Ex 50: The graph of y = f(x) is:

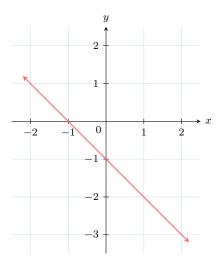


Ex 51: The graph of y = f(x) is:



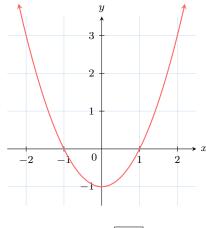
$$f(1) =$$

Ex 52: The graph of y = f(x) is:



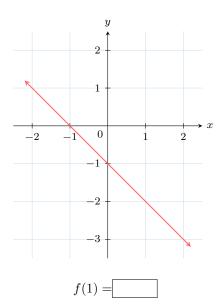
$$f(-2) =$$

Ex 53: The graph of y = f(x) is:



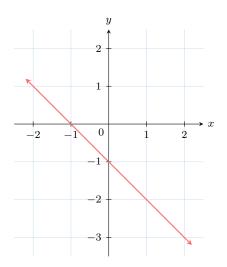
$$f(1) =$$

Ex 54: The graph of y = f(x) is:



D.2 FINDING x SUCH THAT f(x) = y

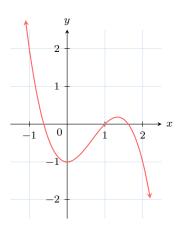
Ex 55: The graph of y = f(x) is:



Find x such that f(x) = -2.

x =

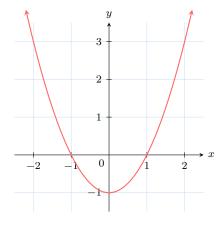
Ex 56: The graph of y = f(x) is:



Find x such that f(x) = 2.

$$x =$$

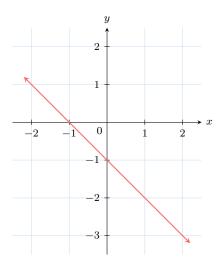
Ex 57: The graph of y = f(x) is:



Find all x such that f(x) = 3. Give your answers in increasing order:

$$x = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$$
 or $x = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$

Ex 58: The graph of y = f(x) is:



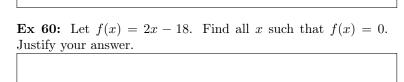
Find x such that f(x) = 1.

$$x =$$

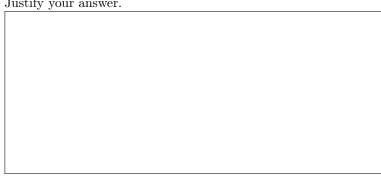
E SOLVING f(x) = y ALGEBRAICALLY

E.1 SOLVING LINEAR EQUATIONS FOR f(x)=y

Ex 59: Let f(x) = 3x + 12. Find all x such that f(x) = 0. Justify your answer.



Ex 61: Let f(x) = 2x + 20. Find all x such that f(x) = 10. Justify your answer.



Ex 62: Let f(x) = -6x + 7. Find all x such that f(x) = 2. Justify your answer.