A SAMPLE SPACE

A.1 FINDING THE SAMPLE SPACES

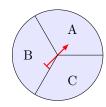
MCQ 1: A fair six-sided die is rolled once.



Find the sample space.

- $\Box \{1,2,3,4,5\}$
- \square {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}
- \square {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}

MCQ 2: Find the sample space that the spinner can land on:



- $\square \{A, B, C\}$
- $\square \{A, B\}$
- $\square \{A,C\}$

MCQ 3: A ball is chosen randomly from a bag containing 2 red balls, 1 blue ball, and 3 green balls.

Bag

Find the sample space.

- \square {Red, Blue, Green}
- \square {2 Red, 1 Blue, 3 Green}
- □ {Red, Red, Blue, Green, Green, Green}

MCQ 4: A letter is chosen randomly from the word BANANA. Find all possible outcomes for the chosen letter.

- \square {B, N, A}
- \square {B, A, N, A, N, A}
- $\square \{A, B, N, A, B, N\}$

B EVENTS

B.1 FINDING THE EVENTS

MCQ 5: A letter is chosen randomly from the word ORANGE. Find the event where the chosen letter is a vowel.

- $\square \{O, R, A, N, G, E\}$
- $\square \{O, A, E\}$
- \square {R, G, N}
- \square {A, G, E}

MCQ 6: A fair six-sided dice is rolled once.

Find the event where the outcome is an even number.

- $\Box \{1, 3, 5\}$
- $\Box \{2, 4, 6\}$
- \square {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
- \Box {2, 3, 4, 5}

MCQ 7: A flag is chosen randomly from:



France

Italy Germany

Find the event where the outcome is a flag with blue in them.

- \square {France }
- \square {Italy, France}
- □ {Italy, France, Germany}

MCQ 8: A flag is chosen randomly from:



France

Italy

Germany Japan

Find the event where the outcome is a flag with red in them.

- ☐ {France, Japan}
- □ {Italy, France}
- ☐ {Italy, France, Germany, Japan}

MCQ 9: A flag is chosen randomly from:



France It

Italy

aly Germany Nigeria

Find the event where the outcome is a flag with green in them.

- □ {France, Nigeria}
- □ {Italy, Nigeria}
- □ {Italy, France, Germany}

C COMPLEMENTARY EVENT

C.1 FINDING THE COMPLEMENTARY EVENTS

MCQ 10: A flag is chosen randomly from the following:



France Italy Germany Nigeria

Let E be the event where the selected flag contains green. Find the complement of event E, denoted as E'.

 $\square \ E' = \{ \text{France, Germany} \}$

 \square $E' = \{ \text{Italy, Nigeria} \}$

 \square $E' = \{ \text{Italy, France, Germany} \}$

MCQ 11: A flag is chosen at random from the following set:



France Italy Germany Nigeria

Let E be the event where the chosen flag contains the color red. Find the complement of event E, denoted E'.

 \square $E' = \{\text{France, Germany}\}\$

 \square $E' = \{\text{Nigeria}\}\$

 \square $E' = \{ \text{Italy, France, Germany} \}$

 \mathbf{MCQ} 12: A child's name is chosen randomly from the following list:

• Emily (girl's name)

• James (boy's name)

• Ava (girl's name)

• Sophia (girl's name)

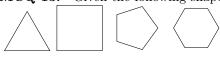
Let E be the event where the selected name is a boy's name. Find the complement of event E, denoted as E'.

 \square $E' = \{\text{Emily, Ava, Sophia}\}\$

 \square $E' = {\mathrm{James}}$

 \square $E' = {\text{James, Ava}}$

MCQ 13: Given the following shapes:



Triangle Square Pentagon Hexagon

Let E be the event where a polygon with an even number of sides is chosen.

Find the complement of event E, denoted as E'.

 \square $E' = \{\text{Square, Hexagon}\}\$

 \square $E' = \{\text{Triangle, Pentagon}\}\$

 \square $E' = \{\text{Triangle, Square, Pentagon, Hexagon}\}\$

MCQ 14: Consider the following shapes:



Triangle Circle Square Curve

Let E be the event where the shape is a polygon. Find the complement of event E, denoted as E'.

 \square $E' = \{\text{Triangle, Square}\}\$

 \square $E' = \{\text{Triangle, Circle, Square, Curve}\}\$

 \square $E' = \{\text{Circle, Curve}\}\$

D PROBABILITY

D.1 DETERMINING THE PROBABILITY

MCQ 15: Keziah eats rice often. Let E be the event that Keziah eats rice this week. Find P(E), the probability that Keziah eats rice this week.

 \square P(E) = 1%

 $\Box P(E) = 50\%$

 $\Box P(E) = 99\%$

MCQ 16: Emily drinks water every day. Let E be the event that Emily drinks water tomorrow. Find P(E), the probability that Emily drinks water tomorrow.

 $\Box P(E) = 50\%$

 $\Box P(E) = 90\%$

 $\Box P(E) = 100\%$

MCQ 17: It almost never snows in July in the Sahara Desert. Let E be the event that it snows this July in the Sahara Desert. Find P(E), the probability that it snows this July.

 $\square P(E) = 0.01\%$

 \square P(E) = 5%

 $\Box P(E) = 99.9\%$

MCQ 18: Samuel loves playing basketball. Let E be the event that Samuel plays basketball this weekend. Find P(E), the probability that Samuel plays this weekend.

 $\square P(E) = 5\%$

 $\Box P(E) = 20\%$

 $\Box P(E) = 90\%$

MCQ 19: Benjamin rolls a die. Let E be the event that Benjamin rolls a number bigger than 7. Find P(E), the probability that Benjamin rolls a number bigger than 7.

 \square P(E) = 0%

 $\Box P(E) = 50\%$

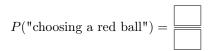
 $\Box P(E) = 100\%$

E CALCULATE PROBABILITIES

E.1 DETERMINING THE PROBABILITY

Ex 20: A ball is chosen randomly from a bag containing 2 red balls. 3 blue balls.

Find the probability that we choose a red ball.



Ex 21: A card is drawn at random from a standard deck of 52 playing cards. Determine the probability of drawing an Ace and express your answer as a simplified fraction.

$$P("drawing an Ace") =$$

Ex 22: A six-sided die is rolled once. Determine the probability of obtaining an even number.

$$P("rolling an even number") =$$

MCQ 23: A fruit is selected randomly from a basket containing 3 apples, 2 oranges, and 5 bananas.

Find the probability that the selected fruit is an orange (simplify the fraction).

$$P("selecting an orange") = \boxed{}$$

F COMPLEMENT RULE

F.1 APPLYING THE COMPLEMENT RULE

Ex 24: I toss a fair coin. The probability of getting heads is $\frac{1}{2}$. Find the probability of getting tails.

$$P("Getting tails") = \boxed{ }$$

Ex 25: A teacher told a joke in class: "Why was the math book sad? Because it had too many problems!" The probability that a student laughs at the joke is 70%.

Find the probability that a student does not laugh at the joke.

$$P("Not laughing") = \%$$

Ex 26: I randomly select a student in the class. The probability that a girl is selected is $\frac{9}{10}$.

Find the probability that a boy is selected.

$$P("Selecting a boy") =$$

Ex 27: The weather forecast predicts that there is a 70% chance of rain tomorrow.

Find the probability that it will not rain tomorrow.

$$P("$$
No rain" $) =$

Ex 28: A survey shows that 70% of the students in a school love Math.

Find the probability that a randomly chosen student does not love Math.

$$P("Not loving Math") =$$

MCQ 29: A teacher told a joke in class: "Why was the math book sad? Because it had too many problems!" The probability that a student laughs at the joke is 70%.

Find the probability that a student does not laugh at the joke.

- \square P("Not laughing") = 30%
- \square P("Not laughing") = 70%
- \square P("Not laughing") = 50%

G EXPERIMENTAL PROBABILITY

G.1 SOLVING REAL-WORLD PROBLEMS

Ex 30: During a week of basketball practice, Mia made 45 out of 60 free-throw attempts. Estimate the experimental probability that Mia will make her next free-throw attempt.

$$P(\text{"Making the next attempt"}) \approx$$

Ex 31: During a week, the school cafeteria recorded that out of 150 students, 120 chose a vegetarian meal. Estimate the probability that the next student will choose a vegetarian meal based on this experimental probability.

$$P("Choosing a Vegetarian meal") \approx$$

Ex 32: Over the course of a year, it rained on 120 days out of 300 recorded days. Estimate the experimental probability that it will rain.

$$P("Raining") \approx$$

Ex 33: A local bakery found that out of 200 customers, 150 ordered a croissant. Estimate the experimental probability that the next customer will order a croissant.

$$P("Ordering a croissant") \approx$$