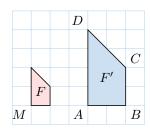
# A WHAT IS A SIMILARITY?

## **A.1 FINDING ELEMENTS**

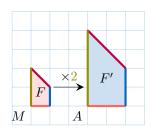
MCQ 1: The figure F' is an enlargement of the figure F.



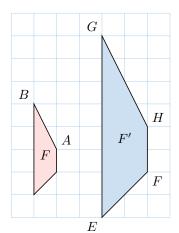
Find the vertex that is the image of vertex M.

- $\bowtie A$
- $\Box B$
- $\square$  C
- $\square$  D

Answer:



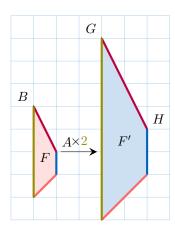
MCQ 2: The figure F' is an enlargement of the figure F.



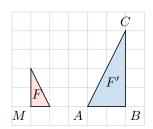
Find the segment that is the image of segment  $\overline{AB}$ .

- $\Box \overline{EF}$
- $\Box \overline{FG}$
- $\boxtimes \overline{GH}$
- $\Box \overline{HE}$

Answer:



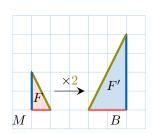
MCQ 3: The figure F' is an enlargement of the figure F.



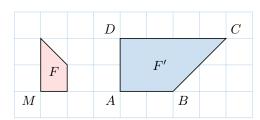
Find the vertex that is the image of vertex M.

- $\Box$  A
- $\boxtimes B$
- $\square$  C

Answer:



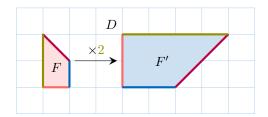
**MCQ 4:** The figure F' is an enlargement of the figure F.



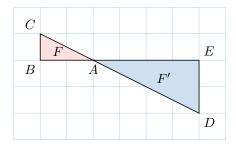
Find the vertex that is the image of vertex M.

- $\Box A$
- $\square$  B
- $\Box C$
- $\boxtimes D$

Answer:



MCQ 5: The figure F' is an enlargement of the figure F.



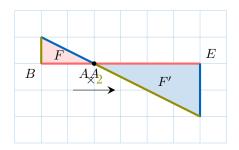
Find the segment that is the image of segment  $\overline{AB}$ .

 $\boxtimes \overline{AE}$ 

 $\Box \overline{AD}$ 

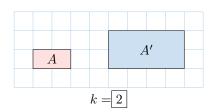
 $\Box \overline{DE}$ 

Answer:



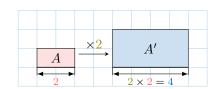
## A.2 FINDING THE SCALE FACTOR

Ex 6: Find the scale factor for this enlargement.



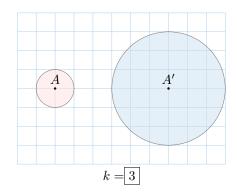
Answer: The scale factor is determined by comparing the side lengths of rectangles A and A'. Rectangle A has a width of 2 units, and A' has a width of 4 units. The ratio is:

$$k = \frac{\text{width of } A'}{\text{width of } A} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$



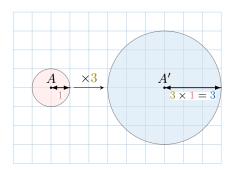
k = 2

Ex 7: Find the scale factor for this enlargement.



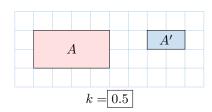
Answer: The scale factor is determined by comparing the radii of circles A and A'. Circle A has a radius of 1 unit, and A' has a radius of 3 units. The ratio is:

$$k = \frac{\text{radius of } A'}{\text{radius of } A} = \frac{3}{1} = 3$$



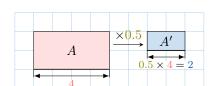
k = 3

Ex 8: Find the scale factor for this reduction.



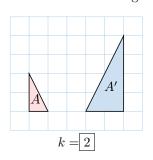
Answer: The scale factor is determined by comparing the side lengths of rectangles A and A'. Rectangle A has a width of 4 units, and A' has a width of 2 units. The ratio is:

$$k = \frac{\text{width of } A'}{\text{width of } A} = \frac{2}{4} = 0.5$$



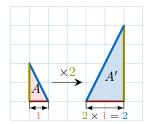
k = 0.5

Ex 9: Find the scale factor for this enlargement.



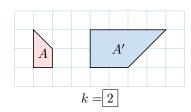
Answer: The scale factor is determined by comparing the side lengths of triangles A and A'. The base of triangle A (from (1,1) to (2,1)) is 1 unit, and the base of A' (from (4,1) to (6,1)) is 2 units. The ratio is:

$$k = \frac{\text{base of } A'}{\text{base of } A} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$



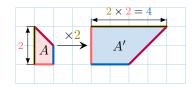
k = 2

Ex 10: Find the scale factor for this enlargement.



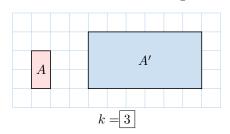
Answer: The scale factor is determined by comparing the side lengths of quadrilaterals A and A'. The side from (1,1) to (1,3) in A is 2 units, and the corresponding side from (4,3) to (8,3) in A' is 4 units. The ratio is:

$$k = \frac{\text{length in } A'}{\text{length in } A} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$



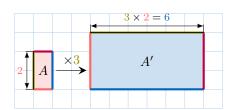
k = 2

Ex 11: Find the scale factor for this enlargement.



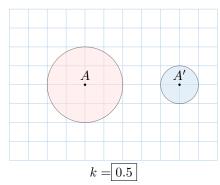
Answer: The scale factor is determined by comparing the side lengths of quadrilaterals A and A'. The side from (1,1) to (1,3) in A is 2 units, and the corresponding side from (4,4) to (10,4) in A' is 6 units. The ratio is:

$$k = \frac{\text{length in } A'}{\text{length in } A} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$$



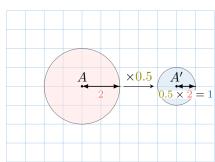
k=3

Ex 12: Find the scale factor for this reduction.



Answer: The scale factor is determined by comparing the radii of circles A and A'. Circle A has a radius of 2 units, and A' has a radius of 1 unit. The ratio is:

$$k = \frac{\text{radius of } A'}{\text{radius of } A} = \frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

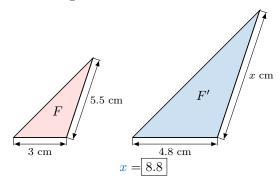


k = 0.5

## **B SIMILAR FIGURES**

#### **B.1 FINDING UNKNOWN LENGTH**

**Ex 13:** The figures F and F' are similar. Find x.



Answer: The ratios of the corresponding sides are equal:

$$\frac{x}{5.5} = \frac{4.8}{3}$$

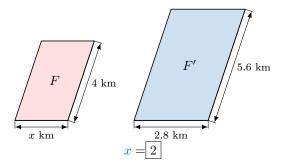
$$x \times 3 = 5.5 \times 4.8 \quad \text{(cross multiplication)}$$

$$x = \frac{5.5 \times 4.8}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{26.4}{3}$$

$$x = 8.8$$

Ex 14: The figures F and F' are similar. Find x.



Answer: The ratios of the corresponding sides are equal:

$$\frac{2.8}{x} = \frac{5.6}{4}$$

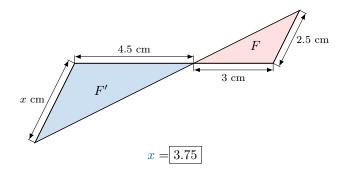
$$x \times 5.6 = 2.8 \times 4 \quad \text{(cross multiplication)}$$

$$x = \frac{2.8 \times 4}{5.6} \quad \text{(dividing by 5.6)}$$

$$x = \frac{11.2}{5.6}$$

$$x = 2$$

**Ex 15:** The figures F and F' are similar. Find x.



Answer: The ratios of the corresponding sides are equal:

$$\frac{x}{2.5} = \frac{4.5}{3}$$

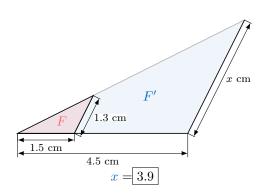
$$x \times 3 = 2.5 \times 4.5 \quad \text{(cross multiplication)}$$

$$x = \frac{2.5 \times 4.5}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{11.25}{3}$$

$$x = 3.75$$

Ex 16: The figures F and F' are similar. Find x.



Answer: The ratios of the corresponding sides are equal:

$$\frac{x}{1.3} = \frac{4.5}{1.5}$$

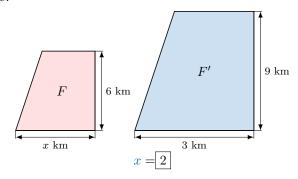
$$x \times 1.5 = 1.3 \times 4.5 \quad \text{(cross multiplication)}$$

$$x = \frac{1.3 \times 4.5}{1.5}$$

$$x = \frac{5.85}{1.5}$$

$$x = 3.9$$

**Ex 17:** The figures F and F' are similar. Find x.



Answer: The ratios of the corresponding sides are equal:

$$\frac{3}{x} = \frac{9}{6}$$

$$x \times 9 = 3 \times 6 \quad \text{(cross multiplication)}$$

$$x = \frac{3 \times 6}{9} \quad \text{(dividing by 9)}$$

$$x = \frac{18}{9}$$

$$x = 2$$

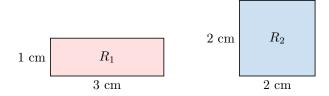
## **B.2 DETERMINING SHAPE SIMILARITY**

MCQ 18: Are all rectangles similar?

- □ True
- $\boxtimes$  False

Answer: Not all rectangles are similar. For rectangles to be similar, the ratios of their corresponding side lengths must be equal. Consider the following rectangles:

- Rectangle  $R_1$  with side lengths 3 cm and 1 cm.
- Rectangle  $R_2$  with side lengths 2 cm and 2 cm.



The ratios of the corresponding sides are not equal:

$$\frac{\text{long side of } R_2}{\text{long side of } R_1} = \frac{2}{3}, \quad \frac{\text{short side of } R_2}{\text{short side of } R_1} = \frac{2}{1}$$

Since  $\frac{2}{3} \neq \frac{2}{1}$ , the rectangles are not similar. Therefore, the correct answer is False.

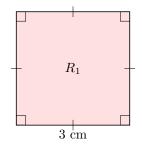
MCQ 19: Are all squares similar?

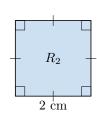
⊠ True

□ False

Answer: All squares are similar because they have four right angles and four equal sides, with the ratio of corresponding side lengths being constant between any two squares. For example:

- Square  $R_1$  with side length 3 cm.
- Square  $R_2$  with side length 2 cm.





The ratio of the side lengths is:

$$\frac{\text{side of } R_2}{\text{side of } R_1} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Since all sides of a square are equal, the ratios of corresponding sides are always equal, and the angles are all 90°, making all squares similar. Therefore, the correct answer is True.

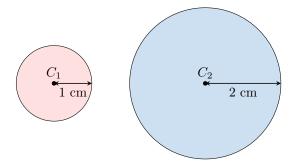
MCQ 20: Are all circles similar?

 $\boxtimes$  True

□ False

Answer: All circles are similar because they have the same shape, defined by a constant radius, and can be scaled by a factor to match any other circle. For example:

- Circle  $C_1$  with radius 1 cm.
- Circle  $C_2$  with radius 2 cm.



The ratio of the radii is:

$$\frac{\text{radius of } C_2}{\text{radius of } C_1} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

Therefore, the correct answer is True.

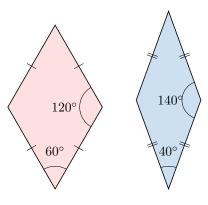
MCQ 21: Are all rhombuses similar?

 $\square$  True

⊠ False

Answer: Not all rhombuses are similar. For rhombuses to be similar, their corresponding angles must be equal, in addition to having equal side lengths within each rhombus. Consider the following rhombuses:

- Rhombus  $R_1$  with angles 60° and 120°.
- $\bullet$  Rhombus  $R_2$  with angles 40° and 140°.



These rhombuses are not similar because their corresponding angles are not equal ( $60^{\circ} \neq 40^{\circ}$ ,  $120^{\circ} \neq 140^{\circ}$ ). Therefore, the correct answer is False.